

C-O-N-F-I-D-E-N-T-I-A-L

REPORT

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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

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1. Prior to 1951 the following types of radios were available in sufficient quantities on the free market in the Slupsk (Stolp) area: of Polish production, Aga and Mazur; of East German production, two superheterodyne receivers from Stern Radio and one superheterodyne receiver from the Elektroapparatwerk in Koepfelsdorf; and of Czechoslovakian production, a Tesla type small superheterodyne receiver. Polish Pioneer type radios were available only on purchase permit for party members, high Polish officials and laborers. 1 After 1951, foreign products were no longer available and Polish radios became rare.
2. Radio tubes could be purchased on the state controlled market. In addition to Polish produced tubes, the tubes used came from East Germany, Czechoslovakia, [redacted] The price for foreign tubes was about the same as Polish tubes. After 1951, foreign products were hardly available, Soviet tubes only on the black market, and the number of Polish tubes available was insufficient. 2

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3. All Polish tubes were marked P.W.L.R., the abbreviation for Panstwowe Witwornia Lamp Radiowy. The place of production, allegedly Warsaw, was not given. The cementing on Polish tubes and light bulbs was very bad, and the glass bulbs frequently separated from the socket. The tubes supplied in 1953 had very poor contact plugs which frequently caused defective contacts. Polish produced steel tubes were unknown.
4. Electrolytic condensers of Polish production were never seen. In June 1953 the price of an East German tube testing instrument produced in 1951 or 1952 amounted to 1,352.27 zloty. The instruments were available at the state radio shop in Slupsk, Miejski Handel Detaliczny Slupsk, located on 24 Dectymy Ul.

1. [REDACTED] Comment. For a description of radios available in Stolp, see Annex 1.

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2. [REDACTED] Comment. For a 1953 price list of Polish tubes, see Annex 2.

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[REDACTED] Comment: SOVMAT numbers 3532 through 3541 have been assigned to miscellaneous radio tubes and component parts of Czech, Polish, and Soviet production in the Slupsk area.

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Annex 1

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Data of Radios Available in Slupsk During the Postwar Years
Prior to October 1955

1. Polish produced radios:

- a. Type "ACA". The first set was observed on the Polish market in 1949/1950. Production plant: Zaklad Konstwowy Aparatych Radiowe. The first sets were marked with the production plant and place produced, among others, Bydgoszcz, Warsaw and Swidnica. Later they were marked only with the production plant and a number 25X1 such as T 15.

- b. Type "Picner". The type was observed for the first time on the Polish market in 1950/1951. Production plant: same as above. The sets were also marked T x. The place of production 25X1 was not given.

- c. Type "Mazur". The type was first observed on the market in 1952. It was produced by the same plant as the other two types. The a.c. heterodyne receiver for short- medium and long wave was equipped with a wooden casing and the following tubes:

two ECH 21
one EBL 21
one AZ 1

Price: 1953 1,400 zloty

2. Radios of foreign production:

a. East Germany

Stern Radio, 5-tube a.c. superheterodyne, price in
1951 1,500 zloty

3-tube a.c. superheterodyne with two loud-
speakers, price in 1951 2,100 zloty

EAK Elektro Apparatewerk Koepfelsdorf
6-tube d.c. superheterodyne, price in
1951 1,500 zloty

b. Czechoslovakia

Tesla-Radio, 4-tube small superheterodyne, price in
1951 700 zloty

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Annex 2

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1953 Price List of Polish Tubes per Unit

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EF 20	50 zloty each
ECH 21 or UCH 21	73.50 zloty
EBL 21 or UEL 21	79.50 zloty
AF 7	50 zloty
AF 3	50 zloty
AL 4	64 zloty
EL 11	64 zloty
AZ 1	30 zloty
UY 1N	40 zloty

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